The Greensboro Evening Telegram.

VOL. 1. GREENSBORO, N. C., TUESDAY, AUGUST 3, 1897. NO. 3.

From

Morehead

Every Night

Finest Fish

Of the Season

Flounders at 25
Mullet at 20
Croakers at 20
Trout at 25

Cleaned and Delivered

—IN TIME FOR—

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W. B. Farrar & Son,

The Oldest Jewelry Firm in the City.

Established 29 Years.

By fair dealing and upright business methods we have won an enviable reputation which we carefully protect.

We are The Official Watch Examiners for the Southern Railway Company.

U. S. Observatory Time.

The Eye Specialist

J. T. JOHNSON

Is being sought by persons from all parts of the state because his work has proved so phenomenally successful. Within the last week either persons or letters of inquiry have come in from Battle Ground, Wallace, McLeansville, Julian, Climax, Lexington and Goldsboro, besides an increasingly large number from Greensboro.

K. of P. Building, 225 S. Elm Street.

Examination Free.

Satisfaction guaranteed. Special attention to Artificial Eyes.

OFFICE HOURS: 8:00 a. m to 12:30 p. m.; 2:00 to 6:00 p. m.

A BRIGHTER DAY DAWNING.

THE UNIFORMITY AGREEMENT IS COMPLETED.

The Strikers are Slowly Gaining at De Armitts Mine, and Better Times are in Store.

By Wire to THE TELEGRAM.

PITTSBURG, August 3.—The signatures will be appended to-day to the "uniformity agreement" which has been in preparation for a week past. The completed document is being offered for signatures to-day. Those members who are coal producers will sign it and immediately start on a campaign to induce others to follow suit.

Those in charge of the document claim that the required ninety-five per cent of owners and managers will sign the agreement and that a brighter day will dawn upon the coal industry in the Pittsburg district. The agreement is binding in point of law and provides that all differences are to be arbitrated.

It is hoped that it will be possible to carry the agreement into effect the present month. When this is done the mine operators and strikers will meet to determine a satisfactory wage scale to be effective concurrently with the uniformity agreement until January '98.

The strikers are apparently slowly winning their point about De Armit's mines, Sandy Creek and Oak Hill mines are practically closed and the Plum Creek men are coming out slowly. The marchers are meeting with great success. They have plenty of food and brass bands and are encamped near the mines. The men marched all night taking their positions this morning. They have a months rations. Liberal donations continue to come in and it is believed by some that certain of the operators are aiding the strikers in order to help perfect the agreement.

The Turtle Creek campers divided at four this morning and half of them left for Newtown. At 9 o'clock a dozen women walked into camp, saying, they were miners wives and had come to stay as long as their husbands do, and to aid the miners in cooking. They were given a hearty welcome.

President Dolan is now positive the strike will be over in two weeks, after De Armitt's mines closed.

THE NEWS FROM REIDSVILLE.

Light Infantry Gone to the Springs--New Coons in Town.

Special to THE TELEGRAM.

REIDSVILLE, N. C., August 3.—The Reidsville Light Infantry left yesterday for Piedmont Springs. The rifles will leave for the same destination tomorrow morning. Both companies will go into camp for a two weeks' outing. They will march through the country, the journey requiring two days each way. A party of about twenty ladies and gentlemen will go to the springs to-morrow to spend the month of August.

A big colored excursion came over from Winston yesterday and about eighty of them got left last night; fifteen or twenty of these spent the night in the calaboose.

Importers Complain.

By Wire to THE TELEGRAM.

NEW YORK, Aug. 3.—Importers of certain classes of goods, especially of fancy goods and novelties, are complaining loudly of the hardships imposed by the new tariff. Some say it will drive them out of business.

Collector Bidwell has given warning to the appraisers that they are to be very careful about over valuation of merchandise and are to enforce the laws on undervaluation, with as little hardship to importers as possible.

Small Pox.

By Wire to THE TELEGRAM.

WASHEVILLE, Aug. 3.—Every effort is being made to protect the various towns from small pox. In Birmingham strict quarantine regulations have been adopted.

THE GLITTER OF GOLD.

Seven Thousand Men at Klondyke.--'Skeeters Have Picks, Too.

By Wire to THE TELEGRAM.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 3.—Reports received by the local transportation company from their agent at Dawson say that there certainly as many as seven thousand gold-seekers now in Klondyke fields or their immediate vicinity. It says further, that the prospects for future finds are very small as claims have been staked out at every point. It is reported however that quartz leads have been found and prospectors have gone to a promising field some sixty miles east of Klondyke. Some fear is entertained of bears in that region. Accounts came in of one instance where the swarms of mosquitoes were so large and so troublesome that the miners abandoned their claims and returned to Klondyke.

The claims of Klondyke show no signs of giving out. At least four millions in gold has just been brought to Seattle by the last steamer. There are no signs of abatement in the Yukon craze here. Expeditions are being fitted out continually.

Chilkoot Pass is reported to be blocked by provisions which are being rushed through to Dawson in anticipation of an early winter. Advices from Juncau have been received to the effect that so much provisions is now on the way that it will take a year to transport them to their destination.

POURING INTO FAYETTEVILLE.

The Firemen Convention this Morning at 11 O'clock.

Special to THE TELEGRAM.

FAYETTEVILLE, August 3.—Fayetteville is given over to the fire boys this morning. The freedom of the little city has been given them and they are making themselves at home. The convention was called to order at 11 o'clock by the president and an eloquent address of welcome was made on behalf of the local fire company and the city by N. B. Alexander and Mayor Cook. Tom Daniels, of Newberne, and Dr. J. W. Griffith, of Greensboro, responded on behalf of the visitors. Companies are pouring in on all trains and the crowd will be the largest ever present at any tournament in the State.

Unjust and Impolitic.

Special to THE TELEGRAM.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., August 3.—Two thirds of the faculty of Brown University have sent a written protest to the trustees of that institution because of the enforced resignation of Prof. E. Benjamin Andrews from the presidency of that institution, the cause being his well known views on the silver question.

They characterized the action of the trustees as unjust and impolitic in the last degree, and declared that a great deal more was involved than the mere exigencies of a single institution. That it was nothing more nor less than a blow directly aimed at free thought and free speech, the primary essentials of free government. They further declared that this theory of suppression, if carried out to its logical result, would eat the heart out of every educational institution in the country.

Russell Sage's Relative.

By Wire to THE TELEGRAM.

JOLIET, Ill., Aug. 3.—Miss Esther Sage, a relative of Russell Sage, was accidentlly shot by Mrs. Susan Frether, a neighbor, and very seriously injured. This is the same family that was formerly compelled to borrow fifty dollars from Russell Sage, and after the loan had been paid, the oldest son died in the poorhouse.

Must Have Rations.

By Wire to THE TELEGRAM.

TACOMA, WASH., August 3.—The police of British Northwest Territory are preventing gold-seekers, who in their haste so reach the gold fields have gone inadequately provisioned, from entering the Klondyke country. A considerable number have been turned back already.

RECEPTION TO MR. COBB.

IT WAS AN OCCASION LONG TO BE REMEMBERED.

Good Fellowship Prevailed, and the Speech-Making Was Excellent--A Large Crowd.

It is seldom that a more representative body of business men get together than assembled last night at West's Park. The occasion was the farewell reception given by the Industrial and Immigration Association to Mr. H. W. Cobb, the retiring president. Nearly every large business in town had at least one representative there—not to mention the professional men and others—all of whom gathered to bear spontaneous testimony to the high regard in which Mr. Cobb is held by our citizens. It can never be said of Mr. Cobb that all good was reserved for his obituary—the warm words of praise, from a class of men not usually lavish in that regard, were enough to have turned the heads of most people; but we all know Mr. Cobb's modesty is invincible.

We are sorry not to be able to give the speeches in full. Dr. Benbow, at the close, very justly said that he could understand now the old saying that "North Carolina produced better speakers than any state in the Union." Everything said was worth hearing and remembering.

Speight Hunter, the newly elected president of the Associated made a brief introductory talk with reference to Mr. Cobb and his work, saying at the close, "I am sure I voice the sentiment of all present when I say we lose our most progressive citizen."

Justice Douglas then presented a gold headed cane on behalf of the Association. One of the happiest phrases of the evening was where the speaker referred to the record of Mr. Cobb's work as "written upon the face of our town in brick and mortar and happy homes." Mr. Cobb in a voice full of emotion then thanked the members of the Association in a few well chosen words for the manifestation of their esteem.

The president announced the next subject: "Greensboro as a Manufacturing Point," and Mr. J. W. Lindau responded. The subject is so important and he covers the ground so admirably in a few words that we give it in full:

"Mr. President and Gentlemen:—The geographical location of Greensboro destines her to be one of the future great manufacturing cities of the South. Located as she is, within an average radius of 500 miles of the greatest consuming portion and most numerously populated district of this great country, within 527 miles of the great city of New York, within 427 miles of Philadelphia, 327 miles of Baltimore, and 727 miles of Boston and the East, with two great railroad lines and ocean communications, bring us in close touch, not only with the North and East, but also with the West and great Northwest, and 'our own' South Land, all of which provides the market, which only awaits the magic touch of commerce to awaken. With labor, which in point of intelligence bows to no section, north, east, south or west, the labor, which is American in every sense of the word, quick to learn, waiting the opportuity to work, and always striving to elevate its condition. I take pride in pointing to the fact that out of the 103 employees of the Finishing Mill of our city, 95 are native North Carolinians; good public schools, none better in the United States; good climate, none better, healthy and mild; living inexpensive; low taxes; and what is most important to every manufacturing enterprise, the disposition on the part of its public spirited citizens to encourage manufacturing in every way that is in their power; no fictitious values, no need to water stock, banking facilities good, manufacturing cost low; opportunities for manufacturing of cotton goods, woolen goods, bleacheries, dye works, printing works, furniture factories, starch factories, glucose works, shoe factories, bobbin and shuttle factories, glass works, cigar factories, etc., are great, and success must, and surely will, crown the manufacturer who comes with ample capital, and brains, and skill."

J. R. Mendenhall spoke to the subject of the "Woodworking Interests of Greensboro." The speaker said sixteen years ago we had one planing mill using 500,000 feet of lumber annually, while in 1896 we used 2,000,000 feet, an increase of forty fold; that to-day our lumber built houses in such cities as Wheeling, Charlottesville, Richmond, Columbia, Winston, Raleigh and many others. The pay roll of these industries has grown in a few years from $5,000 to $35,000 yearly.

At the close of the speaker's remarks L. B. Lindau rose and said that in the north Greensboro and High Point, in the furniture line, were regarded as the future Grand Rapids of the South.

Banker Neil Ellington was not present to respond to the subject, "Greensboro as a Banking Centre." Mr. Allen, of the National Bank, spoke briefly.

Mr. Simpson, of the Simpson-Shields Shoe Co., was also absent when his subject, "Greensboro as a Jobbing Centre," was announced.

Dr. D. W. C. Benbow had "Our Interest in the Farmer."

An all-round discussion was brought on by Mr. Mendenhall injecting that the largest yield of corn per acre in the world came from Davie county, N. C, the palm finally being yielded to South Carolina.

J. N. Leak failed to answer when his topic was read.

Mr. A. W. McAlister, of Wharton & McAlister, enlarged upon "the growth of public spirit in Greensboro." The speaker said that, speaking for himself, he had found that spirit always responded by liberally patronizing home industries.

Mr. W. E. Stone referring to the past work of the Association said that through its efforts alone three tobacco factories had been brought here within the last three years, that they worked 1,200,000 pounds of leaf and paid for wages $49,850 They also employ 300 of our people and will pay in 1898 $600 yearly taxes.

Mr. C. H. Ireland handled ably and at length the future work of the Associatian. We can give only an extract as typical:

"Then we turn to the second source for our inspiration and ignoring the past as having any shaping influence on the future, work the future achievements out of the material which we have in our posession to-day. Let us take an inventory of what we have to-day: Two hundred and twelve firms doing business in Greensboro, exclusive of express, railroads, colleges and schools. Of these 212, 51 or about one-fourth have located here in the last three years. The 212 firms have $2,672,000 invested, but the fifty-one concerns located in the last three years operate $1,278,000 of this amount. Now if we add the Normal and Industrial College, of $100,000 investment, and the colored A. and M. of $50,000, you can see how there must have been forces at work other than those formerly in use. There are 31 manufacturing concerns. Over one-half (16) have been located here in the last three years. The number of new houses being built, stores erected, and factory enterprises put in operation bespeak activity of no mean sort. These are not past statistics, they are present facts."

A maginficent bouquet from Mr. J. Van Lindley was presented, at the close of Mr. Ireland's remarks, by J. S. Michaux as follows: When Kossuth and Dom Pedro were banished, each took some earth as a memento of their native land—in like sense I present you with this fair fruit of our soil, may its fragrance linger with you, as your memory will with us. The president announced the next topic was watermelons and all present joined in the discussion.

A Wind of Fire.

By Cable to THE TELEGRAM.

LEAVENWORTH, Aug. 3.—For three days a sirrocco has swept this district. The theremometer stands at 110 deg. in the shade and the earth is baked like a brick. Life is made intolerable. The crops are being damaged millions of dollars each day.

Dingley's Father Dead.

By Wire to THE TELEGRAM.

LEWISTOWN, Me., Aug. 3.—Nelson Dingley, the father of Congressman Dingley, died at his home here this morning at 9:20. He was eighty years old. The attending physicians state his death was due to a stroke of paralysis, aggrevated by old age.

Ex-Senator Watson Passes Away.

By Cable to THE TELEGRAM.

MILLORD, Del., Aug. 3.—Ex-Senator Curtis Watson died here this morning. He was one of the owners of Congressional Hall, at Saratoga Springs.

From the Charlotte Observer we learn that Mrs. "Stonewall" Jackson, who is off at a sanitarium for treatment is not improving. The many admirers of the dead hero who was this good woman's husbands hope that she will soon be restored to health.

There is talk of organizing a golf club in Greensboro. The links will be situated two or three miles from town.

First-Class Tailoring

At Reduced Prices.

From now until September 1st I will offer special inducements to close out my Summer Goods; want to make room for large winter stock. Spot cash only. Drop in and see me at once.

Fall and Winter Goods

Now coming in, and and am ready to make up Fall and Winter Suits.

B. L. RUBEN.

MERCHANT TAILOR.

116 South Elm St—Benbow Bl'dg.

If You Want

The best protection,
The promptest settlements,
The cheapest Insurance,

Apply to

WHARTON & McALISTER,

—AGENTS FOR—

Continental Insurance Co., of New York.
Williamsburgh City Insurance Co., of New York.
Southern Stock Mutual Insurance Co., of Greensboro.

The combined assets of these three companies amount to nine millions of dollars.

The Southern Stock Mutual Insursurance Company has saved to its policy-holders in Greensboro since its organization thousands of dollars.

A Matter of Interest

Concerning Your Health, Pleasure and Pocket-Book is this:

Have you ever bought from us your Drugs, Toilet Articles, imported and Domestic Perfumes, Mineral waters, Garden Seeds and

Delicious Soda Drinks

Under Cooling Motor Fans?

If you have, we know we please you, for we rarely lose a customer. If you have not, then try us, and you will be convinced of the high and satisfactory quality of all goods we sell, our urbanity and reasonable prices.

PRESCRIPTION WORK IS OUR HOBBY.

Your physician will tell you we are carefully skillful compounders and use only the best material. Your health is too important not to give this matter thought, when you need Drugs.

Fresh Huyler's Candies every week.

Yours sincerely,

Richardson & Farris.

Prescription Pharmacists,
Opp. Benbow Hotel, Greensboro, N. C.
Night Clerk Up Stairs.

Go to **Ward's Drug Store**

Where you will find a full line of Drugs and Druggists' Sundries.

Also a line of fine

Cigars, Smoking and Chewing Tobacco.

All the Cold Soda Drinks.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

Dr. Wm. H. BROOKS,

Office in Katz Building, Opposite Benbow House. Residence 123 Church Street, at Mrs. Payne's.

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OFFICE 117 COURT SQUARE,
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Dr. J. E. WYCHE,

DENTIST.

Office in Savings Bank building, South Elm Street, Greensboro, N. C.

Dr. G. W. WHITSETT,

DENTIST.

106 1-2 South Elm, GREENSBORO.

J. G. BYNUM, W. P. BYNUM, JR., Z. V. TAYLOR.

Bynum, Bynum & Taylor,

Attorneys and Counsellors At Law

106 COURT SQUARE.

The Evening Telegram.

C. P. SAPP, - - EDITOR.

PUBLISHED DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY,
—BY—
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TUESDAY, AUGUST 2, 1897.

THE UNCONSIDERED THIRD.

At least once or twice a year we are called upon to witness some such spectacle as the little farcical tragedy that is being enacted in the coal regions of Pennsylvania. We follow, sympathetically, day after day, the course of a strike where workmen are reduced by degrees to starvation, a point that is reached pretty swiftly, only to see it end in open violence and the suppression of the riot by the arm of the civil law. What the result will be every intelligent man can, from the beginning, foretell with almost absolute certainty. It is only at long intervals, here and there, that the strikers carry their point. In nine cases out of ten the most violent are landed in prison and the rest return sullenly to work at the old wages if their places have not already been supplied by outsiders. Such is an epitomized history of the American strike. Its fruits are a wasture of time, of money and of sympathy.

The sympathy is especially in evidence. It is exceedingly complimentary to the hearts of the American people but scarcely so to their heads. The truth of the business is the striker has been sympathized with and coddled until he has came to have quite an exaggerated idea of his importance. He looks upon the population as being made up of two parts; he is one, the man who employs him is the other. He is always in the right; his emplyer is always in the wrong. The only thing to be considered is how his wrongs may be righted. The wage earners, and they are the men who always go on a strike, comprise a comparatively small part of our population. The employers of wage earners an infinitely smaller part. Both could be removed from the body of the American people without reducing it very materially. It is only the wage earners employed in masses, in a given line of industry, who strike and it is of them, exclusively, that we are speaking. It is this class of men whose interests and "rights" we hear so much about. They have rights of course, just as every American citizen has, but they are only too apt to fancy that their rights alone are to be considered.

In this day of intimate and intricate commercial relations, any disturbance of our complicated industrial system necessarily disarranges business in every part of the country. There are other people who have rights besides the working man, and one of the rights is to conduct the business of the country unmolested by the squabbling of employers and employees.

The cost of a strike cannot be determined by computing the number of days lost by the workingmen and the idle time of machinery. The greater part of the loss falls upon people who are not a party to the strike, on the one side or the other. While a lot of Hungarians, Poles and riff-raff from the four corners of the earth, mingled with a few citizens, are hooting along the road from mine to mine, because a greedy combine refused to accede to their dictations, the price of coal is relentlessly pushed up, notch by notch, upon millions of consumers everywhere.

The cant about the "workingman's rights" is becoming somewhat tiresome. All the people in this country, barring a few degenerate scions of railroad wreckers and sueh like, are workingmen. It is about time they were making themselves heard from. A little less maudlin sympathy for the striker, who invariably becomes a rioter in the end, if given tether, and a few doses straight from the shoulder for the employer, when he is really guilty of robbing his employees, might have a salutary effect.

IF THE people who find it difficult to understand Greensboro's phenomenal growth, in the last few years, were at the reception given Mr. Cobb last night the matter was made plain to them. Public spirit, enterprise, local pride—all these have been factors in it. In no one of our citizens were these more fully embodied than in Mr. Cobb.

SENATOR QUAY leaves shortly for a protracted sail on the Pacific. We would warn the Solomon Island cannibals that those who have tackled the Senator, in Pennsylvania, have found him a rather tough customer.

MCLAURIN, of South Carolina, says he is not in favor of the metropolitan police. Mr. McLaurin's antipathy to the police is easily explained, in view of his conduct in the Senatorial campaign.

OUR LIVE BUSINESS MEN.

Read What They Have to Say In Today's Telegram.

C M Vanstory & Co., clothiers.
Cox-Ferree-Co., dry goods.
Greensboro Ice and Coal Co.
W R Forbis & Co., furniture.
Dr. Wm H Brooks, physician.
Howard Gardner, druggist.
Greensboro Female College.
Roanoke College, Salem, Va.
Dr J E Wyche, dentist.
O D Boycott, building supplies.
W B Farrar & Son, jewelers.
Dr G W Whitsett, dentist.
N J McDuffie, furniture.
J M Hendrix & Co., shoes.
L B Lindau, groceries.
Odell Hardware Co., steel ranges.
Gaston W Ward, druggist.
E M Caldcleugh & Bro., China.
C E Holton, drugs.
Oscar Pearce, cigars and tobacco.
B L Rubon, the tailor.
Wharton & McAlister, insurance.
Cunningham Bros., coal and wood.
Richardson & Farris, drugs.
S L Alderman, photograper.
Bynum, Bynum & Taylor, lawyers.
Dr J T Johnson, oculist.
Dr W P Beall, physician.
John J Phoenix, fresh meats, fruits, vegetables, etc.
J W Scott & Co., fine teas.
Greensboro Industrial and Immigration Association.

Yesterday's Ball Games.

Baltimore 4, Philadelphia 2.
Lousville 5, Cleveland 3.
Washington 9, Boston 7.
Washington, 5, Boston 9.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

Clubs.	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Boston	57	25	.695
Baltimore	53	26	.671
Cincinnati	52	27	.658
New York	48	31	.608
Cleveland	44	37	.543
Philadelphia	40	45	.471
Pittsburg	37	44	.457
Chicago	30	47	.453
Louisville	38	49	.437
Brooklyn	34	47	.420
Washington	29	51	.363
St. Louis	22	65	.253

Railroad for Cumberland and Moore.

Some time ago we published an account of the proposed railroad from Southern Pines to a point on the Cape Fear river, near Rockfish creek. The completion of this road is now assured, and articles of incorporation were granted by the Secretary of State Wednesday. The title of the corporation is the Enterprise Land and Improvement Company of Moore and Cumberland counties.

The length of the road is to be about 40 miles. The capital stock is to be $200,000, divided into 2,000 shares of $100 each. The affairs of the company are to be managed by a board of directors composed of the following persons: H. M. Shearin and D. R. Campbell, of Cameron; W. S. Cook, of Fayetteville; Alex. Sessoms, of Hope Mills; H. L. Thurston and J. C. Upchurch, of Southern Pines.—Fayetteville Observer.

Dropped Dead on Haymount.

Yesterday afternoon Virgil Hall was working in Hon. G. M. Rose's front yard on Haymount, when his wife, Betsy, came by to accompany him home. He was not quite ready, and she essayed to help him. She was in the act of pulling up a bunch of grass from a flower bed when she suddenly fell backwards, and expired almost instantaneously. Mr. Rose who was at home at the time, had the body carried to the home of the deceased, and notified the undertaker. Heart disease was the cause of her death.—Fayetteville Observer.

Lindau tells you about about a dainty supper for this hot weather in his ad today.

Johns Hopkins.

Johns Hopkins began life with a very modest school education, and he is a striking example of what may be done by energy, economy and perseverance. He was 18 years old when he left his father's farm, on which he had worked since his twelfth year, but, hard as he had worked in the country, a still harder experience was his during the first years in the city.

Soon after his arrival in Baltimore he obtained employment in his uncle's wholesale grocery store. The work was laborious and the salary small. Early and late he was at the store, making the fire in the cold winter mornings, running errands, packing goods, collecting bills, receiving and delivering freight, keeping account of stock, helping at the books, etc., for it must be remembered that when Johns Hopkins was a clerk letter carriers were unknown, steam heaters undreamed of and lightning calculators uninvented. The six years that he passed in his uncle's store, while toilsome, were serviceable. They taught him methodical business habits and thus prepared him for his future career as one of the merchant princes of Baltimore—one of that remarkable trio of benefactors (Peabody, Pratt and Hopkins) whose enlightened liberality has provided their adopted city with magnificent monuments in the shape of libraries, a university and a hospital. Of these three public benefactors of Baltimore Johns Hopkins was the wealthiest and founded two of the most splendidly endowed institutions that the world has ever seen—the Johns Hopkins university and the Johns Hopkins hospital.—Self Culture.

Yale Yarns.

"What was the laticlavius?" said the tutor to a pitiable wretch of that order whose intellects transfuse the solid facts of positive knowledge into a nebula of vague conjectures. Boldly he concealed the weakness of his defenses and faced the enemy: "It was the garment which the Roman matrons wore when they went into the Cloaca Maxima."

Equally unfortunate was the youth who volunteered to give the parentage of Trojan Ganymede. "He was," said he, "the son of Mount Olympus and an eagle." Some doubt being expressed as to the exactness of this biological statement, he proved his faith in authorship and shocked a drowsy room into clamorous applause by reading triumphantly from the preface to his Ovid, "And Ganymede was borne to Mount Olympus by an eagle."

Even the mathematics recitation, usually a desiocated repast, was sometimes flavored with a taste of humor. A much loved professor was deeply pained to see an estimable young man, whose knowledge was at his fingers' ends, put that knowledge into his pocket upon the professor's approach. In a voluble attempt to cover his maneuver he said, "Professor, I think this sine of alpha can be computed upon a different theory." "Sir," mildly replied the professor, "it is a condition and not a theory that confronts you."—Judge Henry E. Howland in Scribner's.

William Wordsworth.

Many readers have thought Wordsworth to be dull and heavy, and that these defects are unpardonable in a poet. It is true that his poetry is not uniformly great and attractive, and that much of what he wrote is tame. No writer could yield so much wheat and not have some chaff with it. No poet could write a long poem like "The Excursion" or "The Prelude" and be brilliant in every line. Even Homer sometimes nods. Shakespeare does not always reach the same heights, and I venture to say that Byron, who sneered so often at Wordsworth, flies very low in more than one of his poems. Many of those who do not consider Wordsworth profitable reading belong to a class that is "incapable of a feeling of poetry," and without the power to appreciate a poet it is not easy to derive any pleasure or help from him.—Mrs. A. P. Peabody in Forum.

Easy Stump Grubbing.

This is the way one of Caribou's progressive farmers clears land: He has a portable fence, which he can move around without much inconvenience, and he incircles a stump with it, placing within the inclosure two of his biggest hogs. Then he goes to work with a crowbar and makes some holes around the stump, filling the holes with corn or oats or buckwheat, whatever he has handy, and the animals get in their work. In the course of a few days the hogs have so rooted the dirt from the stump that it is an easy job to tip it over and take it away.—Kennebec Journal.

Men of Standing.

"Who are your leading citizens here?" asked the man who was soliciting for county histories.

"Which?" asked the farmer.

"Your men of standing."

"Oh, there's Bill Bright, Abner Bruntwistle and—and—oh, a lot more of 'em. They don't do nothin but stand around the deepoe all day."—Indianapolis Journal.

Better Than the Name.

Turkish baths, strange to say, or what we know by that name, are unknown in Turkey, while in Austria they are called Roman baths. In Germany, with their accustomed verbal accuracy, they call the same thing Romische-Turkische dampfbad. Let us hope these German baths are not really as bad as they call them.—Exchange.

About 200 miles from Sydney is a place called Wingen, and in one of the mountains there is said to be a coal mine which has been burning for over 100 years.

Princess Louise of Bavaria is regarded by the English Jacobins as the de jure queen of Great Britain, being the last lineal descendant of the Stuarts.

A Revolution in the Kitchen

Has been wrought during the past few years, by the introduction of

STEEL RANGES

We sell the Range which we confidently recommend as absolutely the

Handsomest in Appearance,
Finest in Construction,
Best and Most Satisfactory in Operation.

... ITS NAME IS ...

THE PENINSULAR

Sold and Guaranteed by

ODELL HARDWARE COMPANY

GREENSBORO, N. C.

When You Need Ice

We would like to serve you. No pains will be spared to try to please our customers.

We have on hand a good supply of

Coal and Wood.

Greensboro Ice and Coal Co.

Phone 58.

W. R Forbis & Co.,

FURNITURE.

Finest Line of Chamber Suits in the city. Lowest Prices.
We will not be undersold.
Don't forget 118 and 120 East Market Street, Greensboro.

Undertaking in City or Country.

For Carpets, Mattings AND RUGS,

The Cox-Ferree Dry Goods Co.

FURNITURE

Oak, Walnut, Birch and MAHOGANY

Bedroom Suits, Parlor Goods in New Styles and New Coverings.

Dining-Rooms,

Side-Boards in Oak and Mahogany, Extension Tables to Match, Leather and Cane Chairs, Rockers in Plain and Fancy Styles, Baby Carriages,

Pictures and Picture Frames,

Mouldings, Easels, Mirrors and Sewing Machines.

N. J. McDUFFIE,

Leading Furniture Dealer, Greensboro, N. C.

RAILWAY GUIDE.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY CO.

MAIN LINE—NORTH BOUND.

No. 36, Fast Mail, leaves	12 10 p m
No. 38, Vestibule, leaves	10 44 p m
No. 12, passenger, leaves	9 45 p m
No. 10, local	8 50 a m

SOUTHBOUND.

No. 35, Fast Mail, leaves	4 37 p m
No. 37, Vestibule, leaves	7 06 a m
No. 11, passenger	7 30 a m
No. 9, local	6 25 p m

Vestibule Trains 37 and 38 stop only at Greensboro, Salisbury and Charlotte in this State.

NORTH CAROLINA DIVISION—FOR RALEIGH.

No. 36, passenger, leaves	12 10 p m
No. 16, passenger, leaves	8 50 a m
No. 12, passenger, leaves	1 30 a m

FROM RALEIGH.

No. 15, passenger, arrives	6 25 p m
No. 35, passenger, arrives	11 55 a m
No. 11, passenger, arrives	6 55 a m

N. W. N. C. DIVISION.

No. 7, passenger, leaves Greensboro at 12 20 p. m.; arrives at Winston-Salem at 1 30 p. m. (daily except Sunday.)

No. 5, leaves Greensboro (daily) 8 50 a. m., arrive Winston-Salem 9 50 a. m., connecting with train No. 7 at Winston-Salem for all points on Wilkesboro branch, arrive at Wilkesboro 1 15 p. m., (train No. 7 runs daily except Sunday.)

No. 9 leaves Greensboro 7 50 p. m., arrive at Winston-Salem at 8 50 p. m.

No. 10 leaves Wilkesboro (daily except Sunday) 2 15 p. m., arrive at Winston-Salem 5 25 p. m., arrive at Greensboro 6 20 p. m.

No. 8 leaves Winston-Salem 10 30 a. m., (daily) arrive at Greensboro 11 45 a. m.

No. 6 leaves Winston-Salem 6 20 a. m., arrive at Greensboro 7 20 a. m.

In effect November 15th, 1896.

CAPE FEAR & YADKIN VALLEY RY.

Arrives from Wilmington	7 45 p m
Leaves for Wilmington	9 00 a m
Arrives from Mt. Airy	8 40 a m
Leaves for Mt. Airy	7 45 p m
Arrives from Ramseur	10 20 a m
Leaves for Ramseur	6 45 p m
Arrives from Madison	4 30 p m
Leaves for Madison	10 55 a m

POSTOFFICE GUIDE.

OFFICE HOURS.

General Delivery open from 8 00 a. m. to 6 30 p. m.

Money Order Department open from 8 00 a. m., to 6 30 p. m.

Sunday hours—open only once, from 8 00 to 9 00 a. m.

FREE DELIVERY.

Collection and delivery	6 15 a m
Delivery	8 30 a m
Collection and delivery	12 30 p m
Collection and delivery	4 00 p m

No collections or delivery made on Sunday; but from 8 00 to 9 00 a. m., will deliver at the Postoffice.

The Street Letter Boxes will be visited regularly by this schedule. The public are respectfully requested to make use of the boxes, as mail deposited in them will be forwarded as promptly as if placed in the Postoffice. Note schedule on each box.

YOU CAN BUY STAMPS AT

South Greensboro Pharmacy..... Asheboro St.
O. Pearce..... S. Elm Street, near Depot.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

JR. O. U. A. M.

GREENSBORO COUNCIL, No. 13.—Meets every Thursday night (K. of P. building) at 8:00 o'clock. W. L. Cranford, Counsellor; W. T. Williams, Rec. Sec.; J. T. Thacker, Fin. Sec., L. C. Howlett, Treasurer.

I. O. O. F.

BUENA VISTA LODGE, No. 21.—Meets every Tuesday night at 8:00 o'clock. T. L. McLean, N. G.; J. T. Hunt, V. G.; W. L. Frazier, Rec. Sec.; L. C. Howlett, Fin. Sec.; H. H. Cartland, Treas.

PAISLEY ENCAMPMENT, No. 10.—Meets first and third Friday nights in each month. T. L. McLean, C. P.; J. T. Rankin, Scribe; L. C. Howlett, Financial Scribe.

K. OF P.

GREENSBORO LODGE, No. 80.—Meets every Monday night at 7:30. John Thomas, C. C.; A. H. Stack, K. of R. S.

GUILFORD LODGE, No. 69.—Meets every Friday night at 7:30. R. W. Finlator, C. C.

MASONIC DIRECTORY.

GREENSBORO LODGE, No. 76., A. F. and A. M.—Meets every second and fourth Thursday nights at 7:30 o'clock. Orlo Epps, W. M.; W. T. Gayle, Secretary.

CHORAZIN CHAPTER, No. 13., R. A. M.—Meets every third Thursday night at 7:30 o'clock. Jas. D. Glenn, H. P.; F. A. Peirce, Sec'y.

IVANHOE COMMANDERY, No. 8, KNIGHTS TEMPLAR.—Meets every first Thursday night at 7:30 o'clock. A. H. Alderman, E. C.; G. W. Whitsett, Recorder.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

Chief, Jos. J. Stone; first assistant, W. R. Pleasants; second assistant, E. E. Bain; secretary, E. L. Clarke; treasurer, F. C. Boyles.

STEAM FIRE ENGINE CO., No. 1.—W. J. Blair, president; Harry Lewis, secretary.

HOOK AND LADDER CO., No. 1.—O. D. Boycott, foreman; Ernest Howard, secretary.

EAGLE HOSE CO., No. 7.—H. J. Elam, president; E. L. Clarke, secretary.

SOUTHSIDE HOSE CO., No. 4.—J. H. Phipps, president; G. C. Smith, secretary.

WESTEND HOSE CO., No. 6.—*Orlo* Epps, president; R. H. Hollowell, secretary.

EXCELSIOR HOSE CO., No. 2 (col.)—W. J. Jones, president; J. H. Edwell, secretary.

Location of Fire Boxes.

JOS. J. STONE, SUPT.

12	Intersection of North Greene and Belle Meade Ave., near Farmers' Warehouse.
13	Corner West Market and Eugene Streets, near Col. Winstead's.
14	Corner West Market and Cedar Streets, near C. F. & Y. V. Railroad.
23	Corner Lindsay and Church Streets, near the Graded School.
24	Corner East Market and North Forbis Streets, near electric light station.
25	Corner East Market and Clinton Streets, beyond railroad.
32	Corner South Elm and East Washington Streets, near McAdoo House.
34	East Washington Street, just east of railroad, near Mrs. Owen's.
35	Intersection of Asheboro, Fayetteville and Gorrell Streets, Keogh's corner.
42	South Elm and Buchanan Streets, Clegg's corner.
43	West Washington and Spring Streets, near A. T. Robinson's.
45	Walker Avenue and Mendenhall Street, Jeffries' corner.
52	Corner West Lee and Ashe Streets, near Glasscock's foundry.
53	Corner Arlington and East Lee Streets, near St. Andrew's Church.
62	Corner Pearson and East Lee Streets.
63	Corner Asheboro and East Bragg Streets, near Graded School.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R'lway.

Schedule in Effect May 30th, 1897.

TRAINS LEAVE GREENSBORO.

9.00 a m daily; arrive at Ore Hill 10.30 a m; Sanford, 11.20 a m; Fayetteville, 12.45 p m; Red Springs, 5.42 p m; Maxton, 6.11 p m; Bennettsville, 7.20 p m; Wilmington, 4.30 p m; Ocean View; 6 p m; Carolina Beach, 6.30 p m; Southern Pines, 5.55 p m; Athens, 3.45 a m, Atlanta, 6.20 a m; Chattanooga, 1.30 p m; Nashville, 6.55 p m; Florence, 7.35 p m; Sumter, 9.15 pm; Columbia, 10.35 p m; Charleston, 10.50 p m; Savannah, 2.40 a m.

10.55 a m daily (except Sunday); arrives at Stokesdale, 12.15 p m; Madison, 1.10 p m.

5.45 p m daily (except Sunday); arrives at Climax, 6.35 p m; Ramseur, 8.35 p m.

7.45 p m daily; arrives at Walnut Cove, 9.03 p m; Pilot Mountain, 10.14 p m, Mt. Airy, 11.00 p m.

TRAINS ARRIVE GREENSBORO.

8.40 a m daily from Mt. Airy, Pilot Mountain Walnut Cove.

10.28 a m daily (except Sunday) from Ramseur and Climax.

4.30 p m daily (except Sunday) from Madison and Stokesdale.

7.25 p m daily from Ocean View, Carolina Beach, Wilmington, Fayetteville, Red Springs, Maxton, Bennettsville, Savannah, Charleston, Columbia, Sumter, Florence, Sanford, Nashville, Chattanooga, Atlanta, Athens, Southern Pines and Ore Hill.

J. W. FRY, Gen. Manager. W. E. KYLE, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Southern Railway.

RICHMOND AND DANVILLE AND NORTH CAROLINA DIVISIONS.

In Effect July 1st, 1897.

This condensed schedule is published as information, and is subject to change without notice to the public.

TRAINS LEAVE GREENSBORO.

7.37 p m—No. 35 daily for Atlanta and Charlotte Air Line division and all points South and Southwest. Carries through Pullman drawing-room buffet sleepers between New York, Washington, Atlanta, Birmingham and Galveston.

7.05 a m—No. 37 daily. Washington and Southwestern Vestibuled limited for Atlanta, Birmingham, Memphis, Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans and all points South and Southwest. Through Pullman sleeper New York to New Orleans and New York to Memphis; dining car, vestibuled coach between Washington and Atlanta; Pullman tourist car for San Francisco Sundays.

8.50 a m—No. 8 daily for Richmond and Norfolk; connect at Danville for Washington and points North.

7.32 a m—No. 11 daily for Atlanta and all points South; solid train Richmond to Atlanta; Pullman sleeping car Danville to Hot Springs.

12.10 p m—No. 36 daily for Washington, Richmond, Raleigh and all points North; carries Pullman drawing-room buffet sleeper Jacksonville to New York; Birmingham to New York; Pullman tourist car from San Francisco Thursdays.

10.44 p m—No. 38 daily for Washington and Southwestern vestibuled, limited, for Washington and all points North; Through Pullman car Memphis to New York; New Orleans to New York; Tampa to New York; also carries vestibuled coach and dining car.

9.52 p m—No. 12 daily for Richmond and all points North; carries Pullman sleeping car from Hot Springs to Danville; connects at Greensboro with train carrying Pullman car for Raleigh.

From Raleigh—No. 15 passenger arrives 6.30 p m; No. 35 passenger arrives 11.55 a m; No. 11 passnger arrives 6.55 a m.

For Raleigh—No. 35 passenger leaves 12.10 p m; No. 16 passenger leaves 8.50 a m; No. 12 passenger leaves 1.30 a m.

N. W. N. C. Division—No. 107 passenger leaves Greensboro 12.20 p m; arrives at Winston-Salem 1.30 p m daily except Sunday. No. 105 leaves Greensboro 8.50 a m daily, arrives at Winston-Salem 9.50 a m, arriving at Wilkesboro 1.10 p m; train No. 7 runs daily except Sunday; No. 109 leaves Greensboro 7.50 p m, arriving at Winston-Salem 8.50 p m; No. 1.10 leaves Wilkesboro daily except Sunday at 2.05 p m, arriving at Winston-Salem 5.15 p m, arriving at Greensboro 6.20 p m; No. 108 leaves Winston-Salem 10.30 a m daily except Sunday, arriving at Greensboro 11.45 a m; No. 106 leaves Winston-Salem 6.20 a m, arriving Greensboro 7.20 a m.

7.05 a m, 7.32 a m, 6.48 p m, 7.37 p m, 2.10 p m } FROM THE NORTH.

8.50 a m, 12.05 p m, 9.45 p m, 10.40 p m } FROM THE SOUTH.

6.35 p m, 11.55 a m, 6.55 a m } FROM RALEIGH.

All freight trains carry passengers.

W. A. TURK, Gen. Pas. Agt., Washington, D. C.
JONH M. CULP, Traffic Manager.
W. H. GREEN, Gen. Supt. Washington.
S. H. HARDWICK, Ass't. Gen. Pass. Agt., Atlanta, Ga.
R. L. VERNON, Trav. Pass. Agt., 18 E. Trade St., Charlotte, N. C.

GREENSBORO
Female - College,
NORTH CAROLINA.

The Fifty-Second Session of This College Begins
Wednesday, September 8th, '97.

Advantages of College and Conservatory offered at moderate cost.

A Faculty of Specialists.

Ample Equipment. A Pleasant Home.

Catalogue on application.

DRED PEACOCK, President.

j31-1m

ROANOKE COLLEGE, SALEM, VA.

Courses for Degrees, with Electives: high standard. Also Com'l and Prep'y Courses. Library 20,000 volumes; working laboratory; good morals and discipline; six Churches; NO BAR ROOMS. Increasing patronage from many States and several foreign countries. Healthful mountain location. VERY MODERATE EXPENSES. 45th Session begins Sept. 15th. Catalogue free. JULIUS D. DREHER, President.

RELIGIOUS THOUGHT.

Gems of Truth Gleaned From the Teachings of All Denominations.

If the human heart were in order, all external things would be brought into order. Selfishness would cease.—Rev. John Goddard, Cincinnati.

Not Disturbed by Them.

For Jonah's whale, Balaam's ass or the woman incrusted with salt at the Dead sea I don't care a straw except as curious and inexplicable legends.—Rev. Dr. Rylance, Episcopal, New York.

Man Must Have Rest.

The law of Sabbath observance is a law of nature. Man needs one day's complete rest in every seven in order that he may live long in the land, healthy in body, mind and spirituality.—Rev. Lucien Clark, Before W. C. T. U., Washington.

Power of Individuality.

When human beings desire to attract people to themselves, they make use of a power which may be termed the power of fascination, the power of their visible presence. Their individuality draws others.—Father J. J. Lawlor, Catholic, St. Paul.

Buddhism and Mercy.

Dharmapala tells us that Buddhism is the religion of mercy because it forbids the killing of the smallest living creature, but that teaching is so perverted in India that a brute is more sacred than a human being.—Rev. E. R. Dille, Methodist, San Francisco.

An Exclusive Set.

We blame no one for aspiring to enter the best society. The only question is, What is the best society? We believe in an exclusive set, but we exclude the ungodly and the sinners and the scornful of both sexes.—Rev. John Stephens, Simpson Memorial Church, San Francisco.

Capital Punishment.

It is claimed that capital punishment is necessary to deter others from taking human life, but study the question and you will find that wherever capital punishment has been abolished it has resulted in a diminution of crime.—Rev. Madison C. Peters, Reformed, New York.

Reason Must Dictate.

You will never be free men and women until you bring everything that you are asked to believe before the bar of reason. Do not prostrate yourself before the man who prefaces his communications with, "Thus saith the Lord."—Mr. Thomas Grimshaw, Spiritualist, St. Louis.

The Make Up of Character.

Character is a composite product. It is partly hereditary—result, gratitude for the good we have received from our parents and care to root out the evil. It is in part Adamic—result, combat with the original sin by which every man finds himself possessed.—Rev. William Justin Harsha, Collegiate Reformed Church, New York.

Things Agnostics Do Not Know.

Agnostics claim to be opposed to dogmatism. They therefore ought not to dogmatize as to what is or is not possible to man. It is evident that they do not love their enemies, but they cannot be sure that there are no people in the world who have not attained to a more altruistic love than themselves.—Rev. J. S. David, Swedenborg Mission Society, San Francisco.

The Game of Whist.

I have an opinion about whist. It is condemnatory of the play. It is not based on any personal knowledge of it. That does not disqualify me as a witness, for it is not necessary for me to drink prussic acid in order to know that it will kill any man who dares drink it. Anybody who observes the fruit of card playing will be able to draw conclusions which will not be very much to the praise of the game.—Rev. W. T. Worth, Methodist, Lynn.

The Republic and Common Schools.

A republic, in order to be real and true, must be a moral order, as it stands only in the character of its people. It must have, of vital necessity, common schools, not only to make a homogeneous people, but to teach the community idea, to teach sympathy amid independence, to teach democracy, individual dignity and responsibility, and the values of men as resting on personal worth and not on blood or caste or money.—Bishop Sessums, Episcopal, New Orleans.

A New Revelation.

There has been a new revelation. It is only within the past 200 or 300 years that we have had glimpses of what our home really is. A large part of this revelation has come within our own lives. The universe is no longer a mere mechanism, the scene of conflicting forces. Now we know that there is but one force, one life, and that life is God's. Matter is no longer impure. It is the same here that it is in the glittering star overhead.—Rev. Minot J. Savage, Unitarian, New York.

Dogmatism of the Skeptic.

A mistake of the skeptic is dogmatism. A well known agnostic recently said in speaking of a hereafter, "We may hope for an immortal life, we know nothing whatever about it." From the standpoint of the sceptic this remark is entirely justifiable, but when the same man goes a step further and says, "When death comes, we know it is the end of pain and suffering and tears," he is talking of something he knows nothing about.—Rev. Charles H. Eaton, Universalist, New York.

The Modern City.

The modern city is a vast center toward which all the forces of society converge those treasures that make for man's happiness and prosperity. To the great city the farmers send their herds, the gardens send their berries and fruits, the fields send their wheat and corn, the plains send their coal and iron. If the north sends furs, the south sends fruits and flowers. It is to the city also that the farm sends its sons of strength and the towns their daughters of beauty.—Rev. W. D. Hillis, Central Music Hall, Chicago.

A Royal Shooting Diary.

W. A. Baillie-Grohman writes an article on "Sports In the Seventeenth Century" for The Century. Mr. Baillie-Grohman, speaking of some of the old records of the chase, says:

One of the most interesting records of this kind is a manuscript folio volume of 370 pages, gorgeously bound in green velvet, with solid gold clasps, which is the list of game hunted and shot by John George I, elector of Saxony, the foremost sportsman of his century. It is supposed to be mostly in his own handwriting and forms one of the treasures of the royal library at Dresden. From this punctiliously kept shooting diary we learn that between July 11, 1611, and the day of his death, Jan. 12, 1656, this Nimrod and his suit bagged 110,960 head of game, made up of the unprecedented total of 47,289 red deer, 31,745 wild boars, 102 bears, 818 wolves, etc., the 29 beaver enumerated among the smaller animals making up the balance being, perhaps, the most interesting, as showing the prevalence of an animal at present almost extinct in Europe.

The great weight of some of the stags, boars and bears brought to book by the elector is as surprising as the enormous totals we have given. Today red deer stags of 300 pounds avoirdupois are, with the exception, perhaps, of Hungarian red deer, considered unusually fine animals. Indeed, Scotch deer of that weight (clean) are today next to unknown. How much, therefore, must the race have degenerated when we read of stags killed by the above sportsman scaling over 850 pounds avoirdupois and hear that he shot 4,189 stags which weighed over 450 pounds! The antlers of these animals were in proportion to their bulk. Every sportsman knows that today red deer antlers bearing more than 14 tines are exceedingly rare. How one wishes oneself back in the elector's days, when one hears of great heads with 30 tines and peruses his summary, according to which he bagged 39 stags of 20 points and upward and 1,735 deer of 14 points and upward!

Insect Pests In Hawaii.

Few countries have been more plagued by the importation of insect pests than the Hawaiian Islands, and none has benefited so greatly by the introduction of species to destroy them. The greatest harm was done by scale insects, which multiplied enormously and spread all over the islands. To counteract these pests coccinellidæ, vulgarly known as ladybirds, were introduced into the islands in 1890 and were a complete success. They became perfectly naturalized, increased prodigiously for a time, almost cleared the trees and then, as their prey became comparatively scarce, decreased in numbers, only to reappear when the plague returned some time afterward in the island of Kanui. The fruit trees on this island, especially the orange and lime, were in a most deplorable condition from the attacks of aphis and scales. Very few ladybirds could be seen, but in a few weeks they swarmed, and in six months' time the infested trees were all in perfect condition, full of fruit and flower. The reason why the imported beneficial insects have done so much good in Hawaii, while elsewhere their success has been less marked, is that the remote portions of the islands and the consequently limited fauna have given free scope for increase to the new arrivals.—New York Sun.

Mingling With Strangers.

The effect of mingling with new people who have new methods of thought is very salutary. Always to see the same people do the same things, feel the same way, produces a stagnant condition of the mind and heart that is very distressing to behold. There are thousands of invalids who might be greatly benefited by getting away from home, if only for a short time, to mingle with strangers and be touched with the magnetism of the great world as it courses in its accustomed rounds. And there are mental and moral invalids who need the same change, to get their heart and mind enlarged and let in a little more of the great light of life. Outside influences are very valuable to those who at home have been well trained by healthful influences in early youth, so they can avoid the snares and pitfalls into which some so often blindly fall.—True Flag.

The Daniels Parrot.

The "Daniels parrot," that died in St. Johnsbury, Vt., the other day, was 51 years old. He was taken from the nest when very young and lived for 14 years on the Isthmus of Panama. For seven years he was with the Spaniards in Mexico on a cattle ranch and spoke Spanish well. He spent 11 years on a steamboat crossing the Gulf of Mexico, three years with the Wise family in St. Johnsbury, and for the last 15 years with the Daniels family, who received an offer of $65 for him six years ago from the managers of Barnum's circus. He laughed and seemed very bright almost to the time of his death.—New York Tribune.

Level Headed.

"Most of my success," confessed the retired business man, "I owe to my friends."

"A man is lucky to have good, faithful friends," said the listener.

"It wasn't luck. I picked them out at the ball games."

"The idea!"

"Best place on earth. When I saw a man who was an earnest rooter, I made it a point to get acquainted with him and make him my friend. If a man had a good rooting disposition, why shouldn't I set him to rooting for me?"—Indianapolis Journal.

An Optimistic Bookkeeper.

"My dear sir, your books are in frightful disorder. Don't you have to make up a deficit sometimes?"

"Oh, yes, sometimes! But, then, sometimes there's a surplus."—Fliegende Blatter.

Just Cause.

Fair Sympathizer—Come, come, my little man, don't cry. There's nothing the matter.

Object of Sympathy—Ain't there? Yer niver 'ed ter wear yer farther's twousers.—Pick Me Up.

Oh, the Pity of It!

Sadie—Ain't he a bute?

Elsie—You bet! What a shame he wuzzen't twins; then there'd 'a' bin an husband apiece for us.—Truth.

How He Lived.

Weary Walkers—Will yer give me something ter eat? I hev not tasted food fer six months.

Reuben Cornstalk—Waal, I swan! How did you live?

Weary Walkers—Yer see, when I thinks of home and mother, the lump in me throat comes up in me mouth and I swallow it.—Up to Date.

An Artful Photographer.

Photographer—I saw you at church last Sunday.

Miss Skeate—Oh, you did!

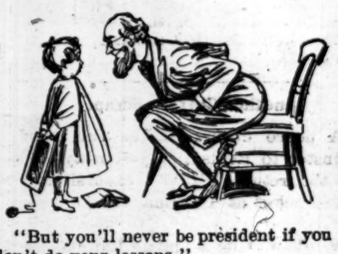
Photographer—Yes, and also your friend, Miss Brown. (If you could raise your chin a trifle. Thanks.) And what an atrocious looking hat she had on. (After a pause.) There, Miss Skeate, it is over, and I think we have caught a very pleasant expression.—Punch.

She Had a Good Reason.

Mrs. Sugartrust—Hortense, how dare you look at the stage without your lorgnette. Use it at once.

Daughter—Oh, maw, please just once. I want to see what's going on.—New York Sunday Journal.

Then He Subsided.



"But you'll never be president if you don't do your lessons."

"I—I know dat."

"Oh, and why do you know dat? Eh?"

"'Cos I'ze a little girl."—Ally Sloper.

A Dainty Supper.....

For Hot Weather.

Witch Biscuits,

Ice Tea,

Kippered Herring.

L. B. LINDAU,

GREENSBORO

Industrial - and - Immigration ASSOCIATION.

Executive Committee:

J. S. HUNTER, President. (Treasurer J. W. Scott & Co.)
C. H. IRELAND, 1st Vice-President. (Treasurer Odell Hardware Co.)
R. W. BROOKS, 2d Vice-President. (Treasurer Brooks Manufacturing Co.)
W. E. STONE, Sec'y. and Treas. (President Board Education and Sec'y. Greensboro Tobacco Association.)
J. W. FRY. (Gen. Man. C. F. and Y. V. R. R.)
NEIL ELLINGTON. (President Greensboro National Bank.)
W. E. BEVILL. (Capitalist and Director Greensboro National Bank.)
THOS. WOODROFFE. (Manager Mt. Airy Granite Co.
J. L. BROCKMANN. (Thacker and Brockmann, Dry Goods.
J. M. HENDRIX. (J. M. Hendrix & Co., Dry Goods.
J. F. JORDAN. (J. F. Jordan & Co., Leaf Tobacco.)

Every Business Man Should be a Member

Enlargements

Special Offer For August

Until September 1st I will make a first-class enlargement of the same with every dozen cabinets for 50 cents above the regular price of the Cabinets. Will furnish this enlargement alone from any negative already in the gallery for $1.50. This work sells regularly from $2.50 to $5.00. This is a rare offer, good till September 1st.

S. L. ALDERMAN.

FINE TEAS!

This is the season of the year for

ICED TEA,

And when you drink cold Tea you want the very finest grades. We've got them.

English Breakfast,
Young Hyson,
Black Seal,
Japan.

In Package Teas we offer—

"Orloff," "Koh-I-Nor," "Emperor's Blend," "He-No," "Orange Pe Koe," "Royal Crest," "Tetley's" Ceylon Tea.

☞Fine Teas are a specialty with us, and we can always please you in quality.

J. W. Scott & Co.

REPORT
Of the Condition of
The Piedmont Bank
OF GREENSBORO, N. C.
AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS JULY 23RD, 1897.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$173,121 85
Overdrafts	948 47
Banking house	6,000 00
Furniture and fixtures	1,600 00
Dividend paid July 1st	1,800 00
Added to surplus July 1st	1,000 00
Current expenses and salaries	2,403 77
Cash on hand and due from banks	22,837 84
TOTAL	$209,711 93

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock	$60,000 00
Surplus fund	10,000 00
Undivided profits	6,928 89
Dividend unpaid	186 00
Cashier's checks	91 03
Bills re-discounted	44,376 58
Deposits	88,129 63
TOTAL	209,711 93

I, R. G. Vaughn, Cashier of the PIEDMONT BANK, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

R. G. VAUGHN, Cashier.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, GUILFORD COUNTY.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this July 23rd, 1897. W. B. BOGART, Notary Public.

CORRECT—Attest:
S. L. TROGDON.
J. M. HENDRIX, } Directors.
J. S. HUNTER,

Cunningham Bros

Coal and Wood.

Proprietors City Dray Line.

'Phone No. 8. 345 S. Davie St.

O. D. BOYCOTT,

Agent for

Luray Lime Co., Aldrid Stone Co., Senseman & Brickenstein,

Galvanized Iron Cornices,

Steam and Hot Water Heating in all its Branches.

GREENSBORO, N. C.